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STATE OF IOWA DEPARTMENT OF

Health <sup>AND</sup> Human

SERVICES

# Health Home Learning Collaborative

Motivational Interviewing

March 18, 2024

# This training is a collaborative effort between the Managed Care Organizations and Iowa Medicaid

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# Agenda

- Introductions
- Motivational Interviewing.....Wellpoint
- Questions.....All
  - Coming Up
    - *April 23, 2024, Spring Face – to – Face*
    - *May 20, 2024, Annual InterRAI Training*
    - *June 17, 2024, Comprehensive Assessment Process – CASH/LOCUS/CALOCUS*

# Logistics

- Mute your line
- Do not put us on hold
- Attendance and engagement is expected
- Type your questions in the chat as you think of them. Time permitting, we will address questions at the end of the presentation.

# Motivational Interviewing

Best Practices and the Conversation Flow Model

# OBJECTIVES

Review use of Motivational Interviewing (MI) with members

- WHO uses MI
- WHEN to use MI

Review Conversational Flow Model Elements

- Engage
- Focus
- Evoke
- Plan

Active Listening Skills

Conversational Flow Model element: FOCUS

- Narrowing the conversation
- Sample questions
- Identify member's TARGET behavior

Conversational Flow Model element: Evoke

- Change Talk

Transtheoretical Model of Behavior Change

- How it applies to Motivational Interviewing

Conversational Flow Model elements: Plan and Close



# Motivational Interviewing (MI) QUICK review

## WHO should use MI?

### Clinical Staff:

- ☑ Doctors, Therapists
- ☑ Nurse Care Managers
- ☑ Intake specialists
- ☑ Peer & Family Support Specialists
- ☑ Billing
- ☑ **Anyone and Everyone!**



## What is the Conversational Flow Model?

**Engage** Engage member

**Focus** Focus conversation

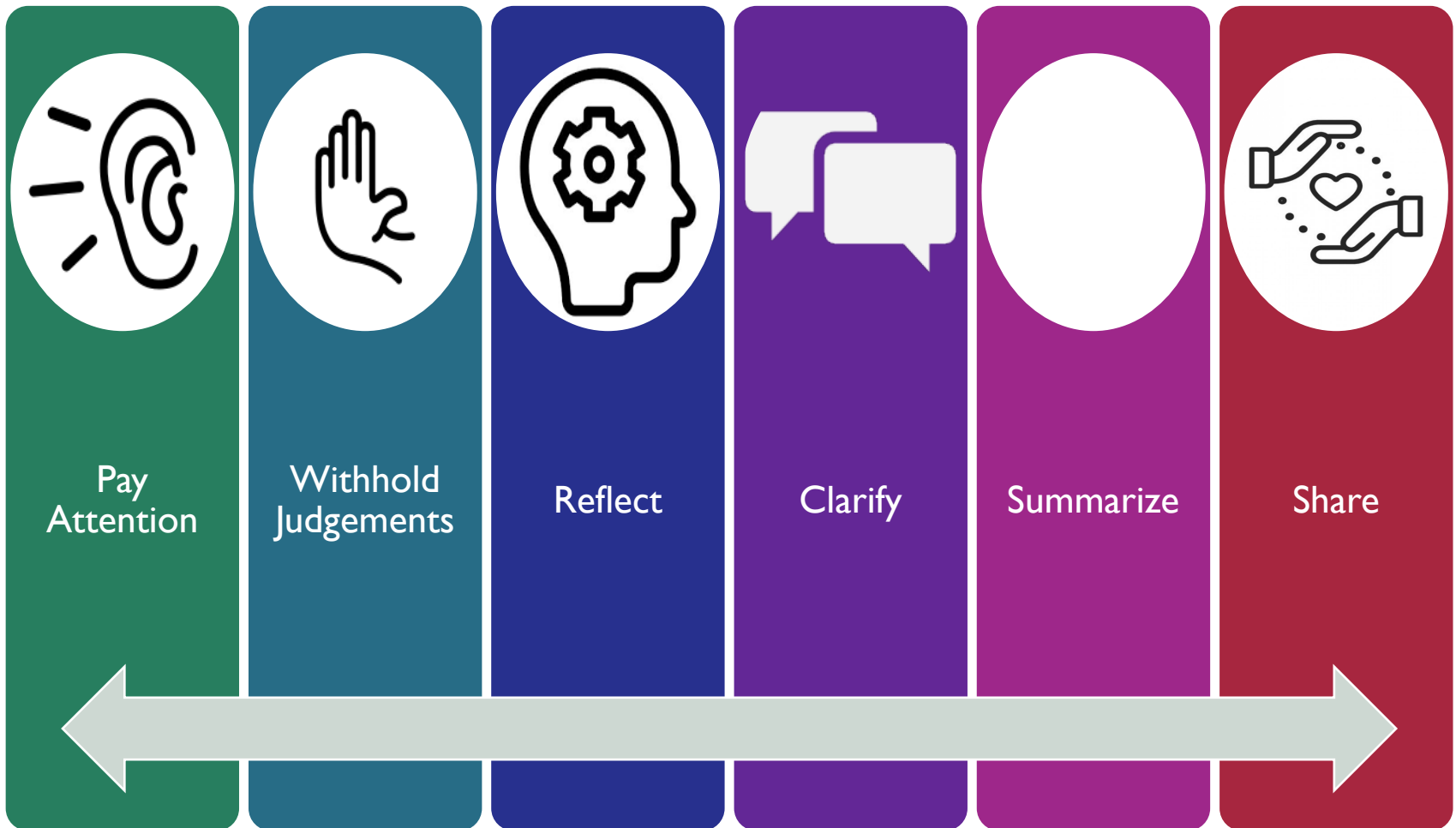
**Evoke** Evoke Change Talk

**Plan** Plan next step(s)

**Close** Close conversation



....use Active Listening skills.....



# Conversational Flow Model

**FOCUS** the conversation:  
Finding the member's target behavior

## What does it mean to “focus” the conversation?

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- “Narrow” the conversation
- Negotiate the agenda
- Focus on target behavior or desired change



# Narrowing the conversation

## ■ Asking the right questions



Pay attention to words/phrases that:

- Capture your interest
- Trigger a response from the member
- Give you a glimpse of member's passion, knowledge, or experience(s)

Use active listening skills

- That's interesting. How did you accomplish that?
- You seem passionate. Can you tell me more about that?
- You keep talking about [xyz]. What else can you tell me?

# SAMPLE QUESTIONS

- What do you know or have heard that you can do to \_\_\_\_\_ (improve your diabetes, exercise more, etc.)
- What are some strategies that you know to \_\_\_\_\_?
- What might you like to think about doing differently that might help you with \_\_\_\_\_?



# Asking the right questions!

## → Respond reflectively

“So, it sounds like \_\_\_\_\_.”

\* **PAUSE AND LISTEN**

(Reiterate what they say). “Does this sound right?”

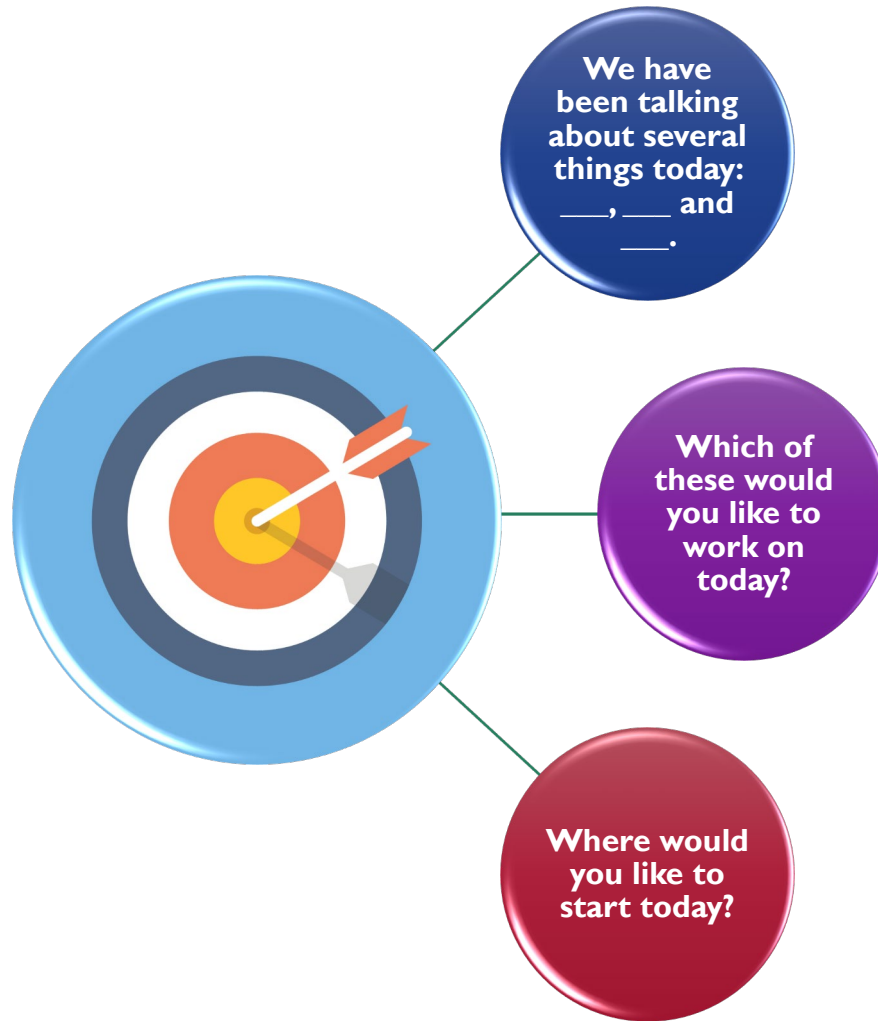
\* **PAUSE AND LISTEN**

## → Begin to **narrow** the member’s focus

“I’m wondering what you have heard or what you might want to think about doing differently that might help you with \_\_\_\_\_.”

\* **PAUSE AND LISTEN**

# Identify member's **TARGET** behavior



# Great EXAMPLE of using MI for member care

Motivational Interviewing in Context



## Value of using Motivational Interviewing

RN Patient Care Manager

“I used MI skills like asking questions that were open – ended. I feel like when I ask these types of questions, the patient is able to open up more and be more involved with the conversation. I think by answering these open – ended question, the patient is also more aware of their progress.”  
K.D., R.N.

Spoke with patient by phone regarding CCM, use of Pacific Interpreters, ID# xxxxxx. *Patient reports* he is feeling good, and his blood sugar levels have been running in the 130s -150s, last blood sugar check was 3 days ago, and *patient reports* it at 130. **Asked patient** what he has been doing to improve his blood sugar levels, *patient reports* he has increased his physical activity to one and a half hours of going to the gym at least three times a week and has been trying to stick with a healthy diet. **Did inform patient** that it is great he is going to the gym and watching his diet; **did ask patient** what changes were made to his diet. *Patient reports* eating more salads, fruits, and vegetables, and limiting tortillas and bread. *Patient reports* he does not drink sugary beverages and mainly drinks on water. **Asked patient** how he has been handling these lifestyle changes. *Patient answered*, “It’s been difficult, but I want to do this to improve my quality of life. I want to be healthy for my daughter, she is young.” **Did inform patient** that it can be difficult, and to take it one day at a time. **Reminded patient** of upcoming appointments 01/27/2022. **Patient encouraged to call with questions/concerns.**

# Transtheoretical Model of Behavior Change

Applying **Stages of Change** to the **Conversational Flow Model** and **Motivational Interviewing**

# Transtheoretical Model of Behavior Change

Prochaska and DiClemente, late 1970s



## Stages of Change Model

### Precontemplation:

No intention to take action in foreseeable future (within next 6 months)

### Contemplation:

Intend to start healthy behavior in foreseeable future

### Preparation (determination):

Ready to take action within next 30 days

### Action:

Recently changed behavior (within last 6 months) and intend to keep moving forward with behavior change

### Relapse:

Referred to as “recycling”; describes return to earlier stage after progressed to Action or maintenance stages

### Maintenance:

Sustained behavior change for a while (more than 6 months); intend to maintain behavior change going forward

# Stage I: Precontemplation

No intention to take action in foreseeable future – within the next 6 months

## Characteristics:

- Denial
- Ignorance of the problem

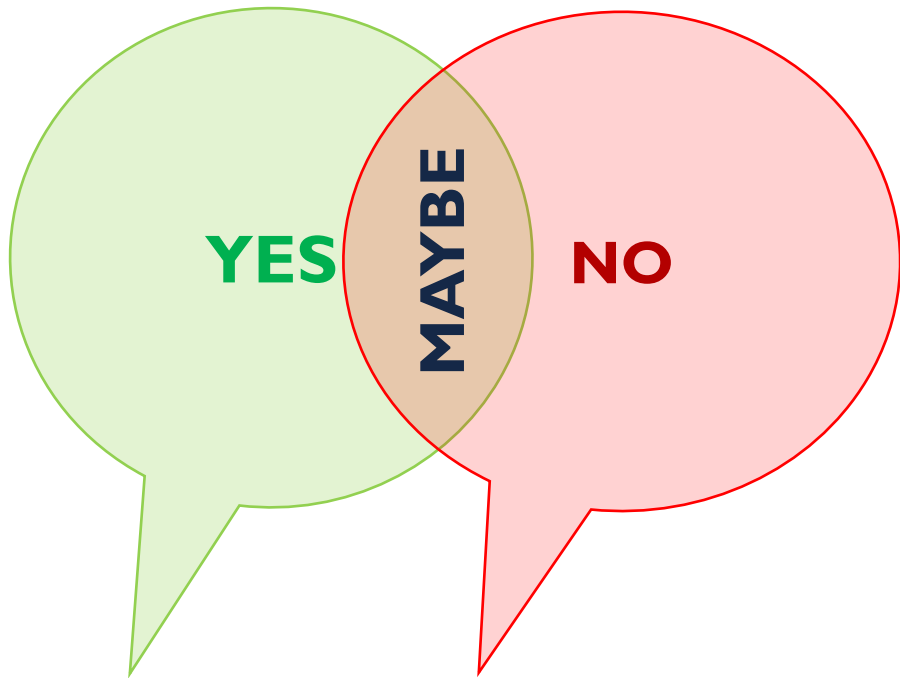
## Strategies

- Rethink behavior
- Analyze self and actions
- Assess risks of current behavior



# Stage 2: Contemplation

Intend to start healthy behavior in foreseeable future.



## Characteristics:

- Ambivalence
- Conflicted emotions

## Strategies

- Weigh pros and cons of behavior change
- Confirm readiness and ability to change
- Identify barriers to change

# Stage 3: Preparation

- Also known as “DETERMINATION”
- Ready to take action within next 30 days

## Characteristics

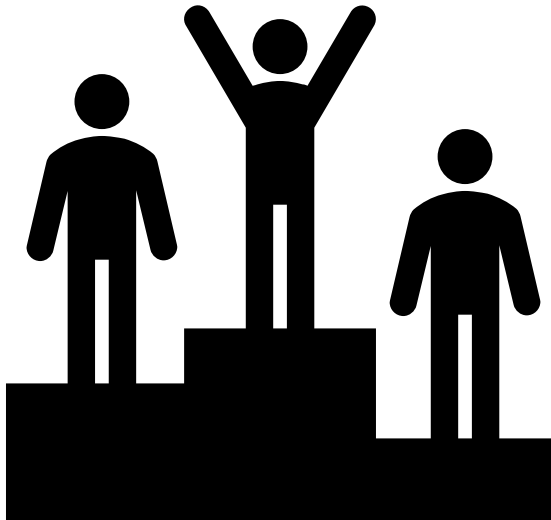
- Experiment with small changes
- Collect information about change

## Strategies

- Identify/write goals
- Prepare an “action plan”
- List motivating statements



# Stage 4: Action!



## Characteristics:

- ✓ Direct ACTION toward a goal

## Strategies:

- ✓ “Reward” success
- ✓ Seek out and provide social support

# Stage 5: Maintenance



## Characteristics:

Maintenance of a  
NEW behavior  
Avoid temptation

## Strategies:

Develop coping  
strategies  
Reward self!





# Evoking “Change Talk”

# What is 'Change Talk?'

**Change** talk is the  
of **Change Talk**



Elicits preparatory talk or **D.A.R.N.**

**D**esire – I wish/want to....

**A**bility – I can/could.....

**R**easons – It's important  
because...

**N**eed – I have to....



## Quick example.....



“I wish I could stop drinking so much because I don’t want to be an example for my children.”

### **Change talk**

- Member expresses motivation to change

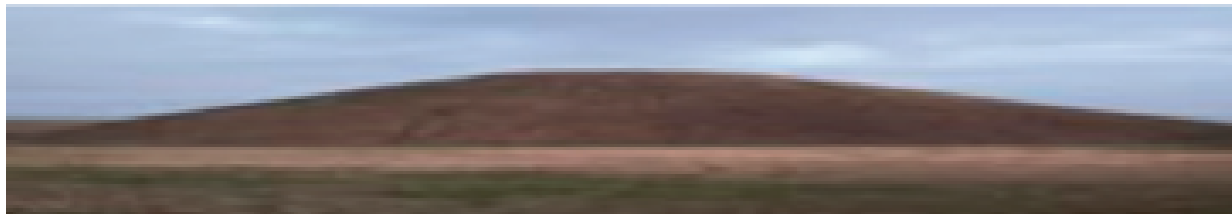
# Stages of Change and Motivational Interviewing

## Working hand – in -hand

### The MI Hill

Preparatory change talk

Mobilising change talk



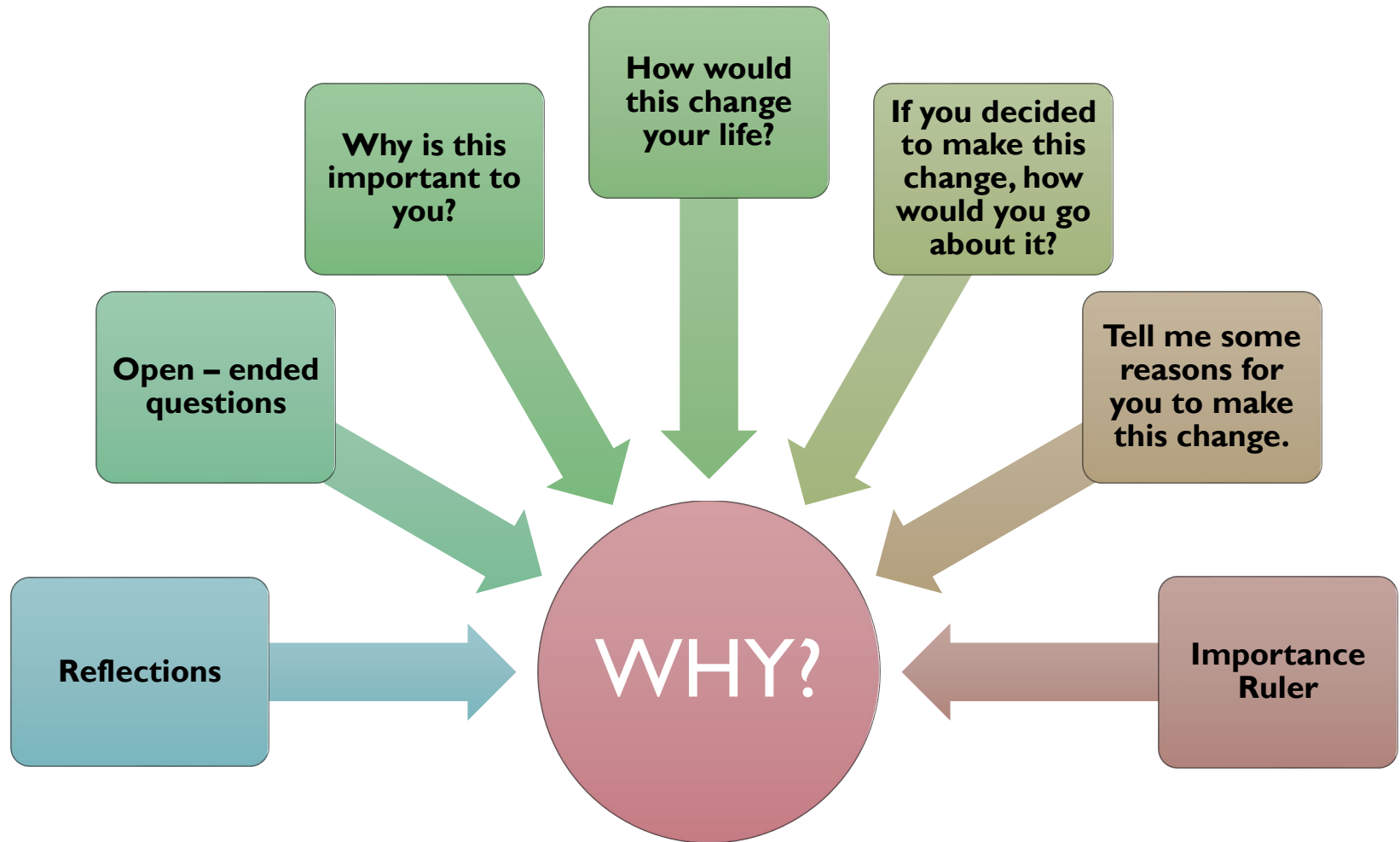
(pre)contemplation

preparation

action

<http://www.buildingbetterprograms.org/>

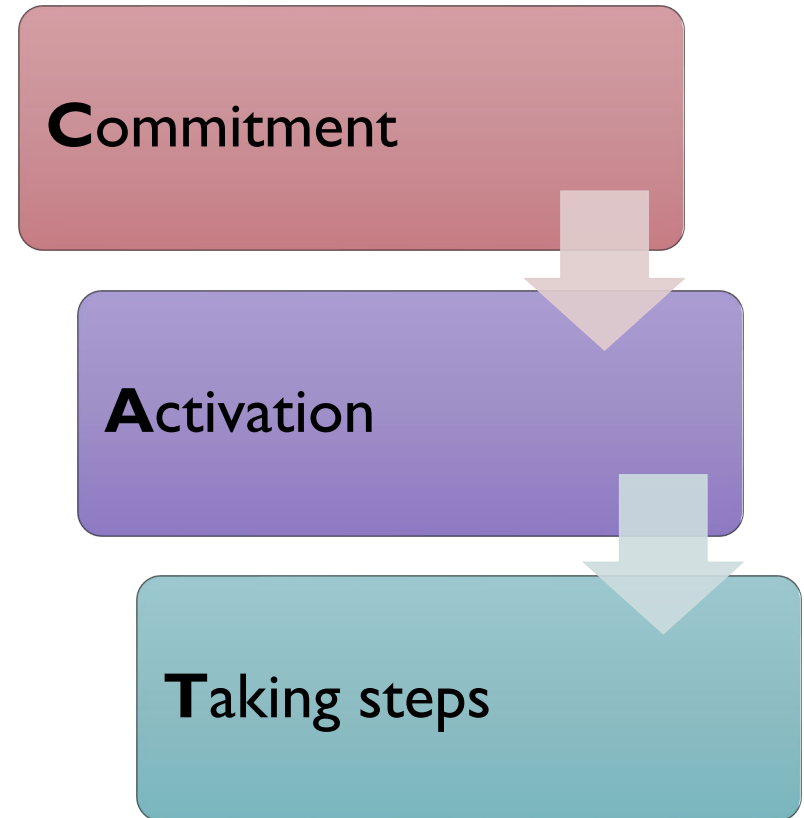
# Evoking....Why?



# Remember me?



## D.A.R.N. C.A.T.



<b>Explore</b>	<b>Convey</b>	<b>Deflect</b>	<b>Elicit</b>
<b>Explore deeper</b>	<b>Convey understanding</b>	<b>Deflect discord</b>	<b>Elicit change talk</b>

- 📌 **Simple Reflection:** different words but same meaning
- 📌 **Complex Reflection:** deepens understanding, encourages further exploration

## Reflective Listening



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Sounds like....

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What I am hearing is...

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So you're saying...

---

You're feeling like...

---

For you, it's a matter of...

---

I would imagine you...

---

Must be...

---

Through your eyes...

---

Your belief is....

---

Your concern is...

---

It seems to you that...

---

The thing that bothers you is....

---

The important thing as you see it is....

**Use variety in your reflections**





# Building Importance & Confidence

Using rulers to build your member's commitment to change

**Evoking change talk** - Your goal is to strengthen change talk and/or commitment language.

## Importance Scale

Quick and easy ways to talk about Importance

### IMPORTANCE

To help me understand how important this is to you, on a scale of 0 to 10, with 0 being not at all important and 10 being very important, how important is it to you to

\_\_\_\_\_?

0      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10

Why are you a \_\_\_\_\_ and not a [slightly lower number]?

Why are you a \_\_\_\_\_ and not a [slightly higher number]?

What would it take for you to move from a \_\_\_\_\_ to a [slightly higher number]?

# Confidence Scale

Quick and easy ways to talk about Confidence

## Confidence

How confident are you, using that same scale where 0 is no confidence and 10 is very high confidence, that you could \_\_\_\_\_?

0      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10

Why are you a \_\_\_\_\_ and not a [slightly lower number]?

Why are you a \_\_\_\_\_ and not a [slightly higher number]?

What would it take for you to move from a \_\_\_\_\_ to a [slightly higher number]?



Things do not change; we change.  
*Henry David Thoreau*

- **Q1:** “Help me understand...”
- **Q2:** “Why are you a (7) and not a (5)?”
- **Q3:** Why are you (7) and not a (9)?
- **Q4:** What would it take for you to move from a (7) to a (9)?

# Building Confidence

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- Evoke confidence talk
- Confidence ruler
- Give information and advice (*with permission*)
- Identify and affirm strengths
- Review past success
- Brainstorm ways to change
- Reframing
- Hypothetical thinking



## ■ **When you hear change talk, respond by....**

### ✓ **Elaboration or details:**

“In what ways?”

“How are you going to do that?”

\*Ask for specific examples

### ✓ **Affirm change talk**

- Reinforcement
- Encouragement

### ✓ **Reflect**

- What the person is saying

### ✓ **Summarize**

# Responding to change talk

# Responding to change talk

## Exchanging information

**ASK – PROVIDE – ASK**

**Elicit** they *want* or are *ready* for:

- ✓ **ASK:** What do you *already* know?
- ✓ **PROVIDE:** Seek *permission* to add to current understanding, correct misinformation using what research tells us or what others have found useful
- ✓ **ASK:** *Follow – up:* How does what I told you fit into your thinking or situation?



## Signs of Readiness!

- Decreased ambivalence
- Decreased discussion
- Resolve
- Change talk: DARN – CAT
- Questions about change
- Envisioning
- Experimenting



# What's next?

## April Face – to – Face Learning Collaborative

- **Review** Motivational Interviewing techniques using the Conversational Flow Model elements: Engage, Focus, and Evoke.
- **Review** Conversational Flow Model elements: Plan and Close.
- Provide **demonstration** of MI and the CFM working hand – in – hand.....allow **YOU** to **practice** with your peers!

**Tuesday, April 23, 2024**

Polk County River Place Conference Center

# Questions