Iowa Department of Health and Human Services

Updates from the Brain Injury Services Program

October 17, 2024
MHDS Commission & I-PAC meeting





Brain Injury in Iowa

Approximately 17,000 traumatic brain injuries (TBI) occur each year which result in being seen in the emergency department, hospitalization or death.

But many brain injuries go unreported or undiagnosed.



Prevalence of Brain Injury in Iowa

28.3% of adults reported having a TBI in their lifetime.

They were more likely to report:

- ▶4+ ACEs (30% vs 14.4%)
- ► Frequent mental distress (19% vs. 10.9%)
- ► Diagnosed depression (27.5% vs 16.1%)
- ► Use of prescription opioids (25.5% vs. 15.6%)

(Iowa BRFSS, 2022)

13% of adolescents reported having a concussion in the past 12 month.

They were more likely to:

- ► Bé in a physical fight (30% vs. 14%)
- ► Binge drink (18% vs. 9%)

(Iowa YBRS, 2021)



Brain Injury Services Program

▶641—56.2(135) Purpose.

The purpose of the brain injury services program is to provide services, service funding, or other support for persons with a brain injury under one of the program component established pursuant to lowa Code section 135.22B.





Brain Injury Service Program Cont'd

Brain Injury Resource Facilitation is a nationally recognized, best-practice brain injury service administered by Iowa HHS via a contract with the Brain Injury Alliance of Iowa.

Resource facilitation is a **linkage to existing** services and supports service providers to increase their capacity to support individuals with brain injury.



State Plan on Brain Injury 2021 - 2026



Goal #1 Increase brain injury screening, assessment, and service coordination across systems of care that address multi-occurring conditions often experienced by individuals with brain injury.

Goal #2 Improve timely access to the appropriate medical and community-based services for people with brain injury.

Goal #3 Increase utilization of Neuro-Resource Facilitation (NRF) services in Iowa among underserved populations.



Goal #4: Develop service recommendations to meet the needs of lowans with brain injury.

Goal #5: Develop a well-trained and culturally competent workforce of providers that serve and support individuals with brain injury.



Goal #6: Reduce preventable acquired brain injury through implementation of sustainable, structural changes in Iowa.

Goal #7: Increase utilization of best practices for concussion prevention and management.



Goal #8 Increase awareness of brain injury within state systems and processes.

Goal #9: Expand information on non-traumatic brain injury and prevention, including emerging issues (e.g. COVID-19).

Goal #10: Raise awareness about the incidence of traumatic brain injury related to motor vehicle injuries

Goal #11: Raise awareness about the incidence of traumatic brain injury related to sports/recreational injuries.



Creating Brain Injuryinformed Systems

Starting with screening for Lifetime History of Brain Injury.



Administration for Community Living State Partnership Program

▶ The goal of this project is to strengthen traumatic brain injury informed person-centered, culturally competent systems of services and supports across state level systems in lowa.

The objectives are:

- 1) increase TBI-informed systems through enhanced resource facilitation (RF);
- 2) increase culturally competent TBI resources and supports;
- 3) increase meaningful and active participation of individuals with TBI and;
- 4) increase data collection and reporting to inform planning and strategies to reduce the impact of TBI.



Adult Screening Tool

Naı	me:		Current Age:	Interv	iewer Initials:	Da	te:			
	Lifetime History of Traum	atic	Brain Injury (from th	e OS	U TBI-ID) and other	Acq	uired Brain Injuries			
1	Please think about injuries you have had during your entire lifetime, especially those that affected your head or neck. It might help to remember times you went to the hospital or emergency department. Think about injuries you may have received from a car or motorcycle wreck, bicycle crash, being hit by something, falling down, being hit by someone, playing sports or an injury during military service.	2.	Have you ever had a period of time in which you experienced multiple, repeated impacts to your head (e.g., history of abuse, contact sports, military duty)?		3. Have you ever lost consciousness from a drug overdose or being choked?		Have you EVER been told by a doctor or other health professional that you had any of the following?			
а	. Thinking about any injuries you have had in your lifetime, were you ever knocked out or did you lose consciousness?	-	Yes No (IF NO, GO TO QUESTION 3)	_	Yes No (IF NO, GO TO QUESTION 4)		a stroke, cerebral vascular disease			
	Yes No (IF NO, GO TO QUESTION 2)	a.	How old were you when these repeated injuries began? years old	a.	How many times from a drug overdose? overdose(s)					
b	. What was the longest time you were knocked out or unconscious? (Choose just one; if you are not sure please make your best guess.)	b.	How old were you when these repeated injuries ended?	b.	How many time from being choked?		toxic effects or poisoning by substances infection like meningitis or encephalitis			
	☐ knocked out or lost consciousness for less than 30 minutes		years old		choked		a brain bleed or hemorrhage child or adult maltreatment syndrome			
	☐ knocked out or lost consciousness between 30 minutes and 24 hours									
	☐ knocked out or lost consciousness for 24 hours or longer						had a near drowning or experienced a strangulation			
С	. How old were you the first time you were knocked out or lost consciousness? years old	Interpreting Findings The validity of this tool is not based on elicitation of a perfect accounting for a person's lifetime history of brain injury. Instead, it provides a means to estimate the likelihood that consequences have resulted from one's lifetime exposure.								
a br rest dete eva info	nplete this screening to determine if a person may have ha ain injury. It is important to note that this screening does n ult in a diagnosis, is not intended to be used for eligibility emination and DOES NOT replace a face-to-face luation and assessment with a trained professional. This mation should be treated as Protected Health Information dentified data may be analyzed for program evaluation.	ad WC lot FIR MU the	A person may be more likely to have ongoing problems if they have any of the following: WORST - there has been moderate or severe TBI (i.e. any TBI with 30 minutes or more loss of consciousness). FIRST - TBI with any loss of consciousness before age 20. MULTIPLE - had 2 or more TBIs close together; including a period of time when they experienced multiple blows to the head even if apparently without effect. OTHER SOURCES - any TBI combined with another way that their brain has been impaired.							

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Pediatric Screening Tool

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Name:	Current Age:	Interviewer Initials:		Date:		
Please think about injuries your child	he Colorado Brain Ch	eck Survey Screening Tool)		Has your child ever been to the emergency		
(ages 5-21) has had during their entire lifetime, especially those that affected their head or neck. Thinking about those injuries, has your child had any of the following:	by a healtho	are professional that your child he following:		department or received other medical care related to a brain injury or as identified in questions one or two?		
Has a physician diagnosed your child with a brain injury? Yes No If yes, go to question #3. If not, please indicate if there is a lifetime history of any of the following: Blow to the head (from sports, playing, biking, falling, getting hit by an object, etc.) Whiplash Motor vehicle crash resulting in any degree of injury or lack of injury). Assault/violence (child abuse, fights, firearm injury)	stopped breathing experience or exp Infection of the bra Swelling of the bra Epilepsy or seizur Child maltreatmen Brain bleed or her	the brain (Examples - a time they had a near drowning or suffocating serienced strangulation) ain and/or sustained high fever ain (edema) ses tt syndrome morrhage	Plea No Complet a brain in not resul	that age? ise explain: e this screening to determine if a person may have had njury. It is important to note that this screening does it in a diagnosis, is not intended to be used for eligibility nation and DOES NOT replace a face-to-face evaluation		
■ NONE OF THE ABOVE (IF NO, GO TO QUESTION 2) If yes to any of the above, indicate below if the injury resulted in any of the following: Check all that apply: □ Concussion	prescription drugs Toxic effects or po NONE OF THE A	s/alcohol, inappropriate use of s/over the counter meds sisoning by substances BOVE (IF NO, GO TO QUESTION 3) on 2, indicate below if the injury following:	and asse should b data may This scre	and assessment with a trained professional. This information nould be treated as Protected Health Information. De-identified at a may be analyzed for program evaluation. This screening tool is adapted from the work of Pat L. Sample h.D. and Colorado State University.		
Loss of consciousness For how long? Confusion or altered mental state Missed school Resulted in no problem	Check all that apply: Loss of conscient For how long?	ousness Iltered mental state	be acce	eening tool and instructions for completion can essed at https://hhs.iowa.gov/brain-injuries Health and Human Services		



Brain Injury Screening Tools & Resources





J CALL: (855) 581-8111

☐ TEXT: (855) 895-8398

https://yourlifeiowa.org/brain-injury

CHAT: LIVE CHA

Q

HIDE SITE

SCREENING TOOLS FOR PROVIDERS MAYO PORTLAND ADAPTABILITY INVENTORY

SYMPTOMS QUESTIONNAIRE IOWA HHS BRAIN INJURY SERVICES PROGRAM BRAIN INJURY ALLIANCE OF IOWA

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

YOURLIFEIOWA.SUPPORT

Screening tools for providers

The Lifetime History of Brain Injury is now available in Spanish. Click the button below and select the preferred language.

Access to these tools is password protected. For access, please email brain.injury@hhs.iowa.gov.

LIFETIME HISTORY OF BRAIN INJURY (FOR AGES 13 AND UP)

PEDIATRIC LIFETIME HISTORY OF BRAIN INJURY (FOR AGES 5-21)



Not finding what you're looking for?

ADDITIONAL BRAIN INJURY RESOURCES



lowa Gets the Ball Rolling

- ▶ 2020 The Iowa Department of Public Health asked the Technical Assistance Resource Center (TARC)
 - To conduct a literature search on adults with BI involved in the Child Welfare System
 - To find out what other ACL grantees were addressing this issue
 - None of the 28 grantee states were working in this space – but hey we want to be involved

- ▶ 2021 2026 Administration for Community Living Traumatic Brain Injury State Partnership Grant (ACL TBI SPP Grant)
 - ACL authorizes an Ad Hoc Workgroup on brain injury and child welfare
 - Iowa and Tennessee cofacilitate with partners in Colorado, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, California, Missouri, and Alabama
 - Develops Brain Injury and Child Welfare Best Practice Guide
 - Training to States: Hawaii, New York, Texas and Michigan!
 - Iowa establishes the Neuro Resource Facilitation Pilot Project



Decision to Create a Guide & Toolkit

BRAIN INJURY
AND CHILD WELFARE
BEST PRACTICE GUIDE:
INFORMATION AND TOOLS
FOR STATE AGENCIES

Prepared by the Administration for Community Living TBI State Partnership Grant Ad Hoc Workgroup on Child Welfare

This project was supported, in part by Funding Announcement number HHS-2021-ACL-AOD-TBSG-0070 05/27/2021, from the U.S. Administration for Community Living, Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, D.C. 20201

February 2023

Traumatic Brain Injury State Partnership Program

Three Subcommittees:

- Guide Writing
- 2. Toolkit Supporting Materials
- 3. National Training





lowa's Neuro Resource Collaborative Pilot Project

- ► A Collaborative among:
 - Child Welfare Personnel
 - Child Welfare Related Organizations
 - People w/in the Child Welfare system
 - Universities
 - Brain Injury Alliance of Iowa
 - State Agency Leadership



Continuing to Expand our Reach

New partnerships and activities are always being developed



Youth Concussion Management

Partnership with Department of Education to

- Promote the Teacher Acute Concussion Tool
- ► Update the REAP manual
- ► Update Concussion Guidelines for Iowa Schools

Partnership with University of Iowa Injury Prevention Research Center

Evaluating adoption of concussion RTL plans and concussion policies



Preventing Falls

Partnering with the Iowa Falls Prevention Coalition, Iowa HHS Aging & Disability Division and Iowa Community HUB.

- ► Increase surveillance and reporting
- Increase screening and assessment for falls risk
- Increase referrals to evidence-based falls prevention
- ► Increase awareness and information



Questions?

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Health and Human Services