



Who's Most at Risk for RSV?

RSV can cause serious illness in infants and older adults.

RSV can cause fever, runny nose, wheezing and more. Vaccines and antibodies can help protect those most at risk.

Who should get the RSV vaccine?

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends the RSV vaccine for

- All adults 75 and older.
- Adults 60-74 with medical conditions like heart or lung disease.
- Children 8-19 months who are at increased risk for severe illness.
- Pregnant women in weeks 32-36 of pregnancy.

Who should get the RSV antibody?

The CDC recommends the RSV antibody for

- Babies younger than 8 months whose mothers didn't receive a maternal RSV vaccine.



Ask your healthcare provider about RSV vaccines for your family.