

Notice of Intake Decision

Dea	r	:		
	on	e receiving this notice because you made a report of suspe on , regarding . Iowa law requires that we noti Department will take action on the report you made.	ected child abuse to our office in fy you of our decision on whether or	
	The report of suspected child abuse you made has been accepted for assessment. The assessment takes up to 20 business days to complete. The worker assigned may contact you to confirm information or to obtain additional information. Otherwise, there may be no further contact with you. However, we encourage you to contact our office if you continue to have concerns or have additional information. Please note, lowa law does not allow us to notify you of the outcome of the assessment unless the assessment has been accepted as a child abuse assessment and you are a mandatory reporter making this report as required by law.			
	The report of suspected child abuse you made will not result in an assessment because:		in an assessment because:	
		The person who is the subject of the suspected abuse	s not a child.	
		The person alleged responsible for the abuse is not a c	aretaker of the child.	
	The person alleged responsible for the abuse is not a caretaker of the child and is not a person 14 years or older who resides in a home with the child.			
		The incident alleged Denial of Critical Care or Dangero within five years of a report to the department.	ed Denial of Critical Care or Dangerous Substances and did not occur f a report to the department.	
		A reasonable belief does not exist to suspect abuse or	neglect occurred.	
	☐ The reported allegation was previously accept		sessment.	
		The reported allegation is outside of this state's jurisdic	tion.	
	As a result of your report, we have forwarded information to:			
		The county attorney's office Law enforcement		
Thar	nk yo	you for sharing your concerns with us.		
Sinc	erely	ely,		
Chi	ld Pr	Protective Intake Supervisor Date		
Tel	enho	none Number		

It is the intent of lowa child abuse laws to provide the greatest possible protection to victims or potential victims of abuse through:

- Encouraging the increased reporting of suspected cases of abuse.
- Ensuring the thorough and prompt assessment of these reports.

Making a report of suspected child abuse may be a stressful event, since you may not fully know what action may come as a result of your report. The following are frequently asked questions.

What is Child Abuse?

lowa law identifies child abuse as being any of the following, if the result of acts or omissions of the child's caretaker:

- Physical abuse: Injuries that are inflicted non-accidentally, or that do not have an explanation that fits the injury. Spanking a child is not considered to be physical abuse, unless it leaves a bruise or other injury.
- **Mental injury:** An intellectual or psychological injury that causes observable and substantial impairment and is diagnosed and confirmed by a physician or mental health professional.
- Sexual abuse: Sexual activity with a child, or allowing a child to be sexually abused.
- **Child prostitution:** Permitting or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution.
- Denial of critical care: A failure to provide food, clothing, shelter, or other care (including medical care, mental health care, or supervision) necessary for a child's well-being when financially able to do so and this exposes a child to danger of injury or death and the failure occurred within five years of a report to the Department.
- Presence of an illegal drug in a child's body: An illegal drug is found in a child's body.
- Dangerous substances: Illegal drug use, possession, manufacturing, cultivation, or distribution in the presence of a child; or intent to manufacture in a child's home, on the premises, or in a motor vehicle located on the premises and the incident occurred within five years of a report to the Department.
- Bestiality in the presence of a minor: A sex act with an animal in the presence of a minor.
- Allows access by a registered sex offender: Knowingly allows unsupervised contact or control
 or custody by a person who is a registered sex offender.
- Allows access to obscene material: Knowingly allows access to or exhibits or disseminates obscene material to a child.
- **Child sex trafficking:** The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, obtaining, patronizing, or soliciting of a child for the purpose of commercial sexual activity.

Is the family told who made the report?

No. Iowa law does not permit the child protection worker or the Department to disclose who made the child abuse report. However, a court may order the Department to identify the reporter.

Will the child be removed?

Removal of the child is considered to be a last resort. Removal occurs only when the child can't be protected in any other way. The Department of Health and Human Services does not have legal authority to remove a child. If a removal is necessary, the Department must seek the assistance of law enforcement or obtain a court order.

What can I do if I disagree with a decision to reject the report of suspected child abuse? A child protective worker supervisor makes the decision to reject a report of suspected child abuse. If you disagree with the decision to reject a report, you may contact the child protective worker supervisor whose name and telephone number are listed on page one.