### APPENDIX A—STANDARDS FOR WEATHERIZATION MATERIALS

If the standards listed in this appendix conflict with those required by current local codes, the local code shall have precedence and a copy of the applicable section will be retained with procurement records.

The following Government standards are produced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission and are published in title 16, Code of Federal Regulations:

Thermal Insulating Materials for Building Elements Including Walls, Floors, Ceilings, Attics, and Roofs Insulation—organic fiber—conformance to Interim Safety Standard in 16 CFR part 1209;

Fire Safety Requirements for Thermal Insulating Materials According to Insulation Use—Attic Floor—insulation materials intended for exposed use in attic floors shall be capable of meeting the same flammability requirements given for cellulose insulation in 16 CFR part 1209;

Enclosed spaces—insulation materials intended for use within enclosed stud or joist spaces shall be capable of meeting smoldering combustion requirements in 16 CFR part 1209.

The following standards which are not otherwise set forth in part 440 are incorporated by reference and made part of part 440. The following standards have been approved for incorporation by reference by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. These materials are incorporated as they exist on January 3, 2002 and a notice of any change in these materials will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. The standards incorporated by reference are available for inspection at the Office of the Federal Register Information Center, 800 North Capitol Street, Suite 700, Washington, DC 20001.

The standards incorporated by reference in part 440 can be obtained from the following sources:

- Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute, 4301 N. Fairfax Drive, Suite 425, Arlington, VA 22203; (703) 524-8800.
- American Architectural Manufacturers Association, 1827 Walden Office Square, Suite 104, Schaumburg, Illinois 60173-4268; (847) 303-5664.
- American Gas Association, 400 N. Capitol Street, NW, Washington, DC 20001; (202) 824-7000.
- American National Standards Institute, Inc., 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036; (212) 642-4900.
- American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Three Park Avenue, New York, NY 10016-5990; (212) 591-7722.

- American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959; (610) 832-9585.
- Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers, 1111 19th Street, NW, Suite 402, Washington DC, 20036; (202) 872-5955.
- Federal Specifications, General Services Administration, General Services Administration, Federal Supply Service, Office of the CIO and Marketing Division, Room 800, 1941 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202; (703) 305-6288.
- Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association, 2107 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 600, Arlington, Virginia 22201; (703) 525-7060.
- National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1847, Rosslyn, VA 22209; (703) 841-3200
- National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, P.O. Box 9101, Quincy, MA 02269-9101; (617) 770-
- Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors Association, 4201 Lafayette Center Drive, Chantilly, Virginia 20151-1209; (703) 803-2980.
- Solar Rating and Certification Corporation, c/o FSEC, 1679 Clearlake Road, Cocoa, FL 32922-5703; (321) 638-1537.
- Steel Door Institute, 30200 Detroit Road, Cleveland, OH 44145-1967; (440) 899-0010.
- Steel Window Institute, 1300 Sumner Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44115-2851; (216) 241-7333.
- Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association, 25 North Broadway, Tarrytown, NY 10591; (914) 322-0040.
- Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., 333 Pfingsten Road, Northbrook, IL 60062-2096; (847) 272-8800.
- Window & Door Manufacturers Association, 1400 East Touhy Avenue, Suite 470, Des Plaines, IL 60018; (800) 223-2301.
- More information regarding the standards in this reference can be obtained from the following sources:
- Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, NW, Washington, DC 20006; (202) 554-1080.
- National Institute of Standards and Technology, U.S. Department of Commerce, Gaithersburg, MD 20899; (301) 975-2000.
- Weatherization Assistance Program, Office of Building Technology Assistance, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, EE-42, Washington, DC 20585-0121; (202) 586-4074.

# THERMAL INSULATING MATERIALS FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS INCLUDING WALLS, FLOORS, CEILINGS, ATTICS, AND ROOFS [Standards for conformance]

Insulationmineral fiber:	
Blanket insulation	ASTM1 C665-98.
Roof insulation board	ASTM C726-00a.
Loose-fill insulation	ASTM C764-99.
Insulationmineral cellular:	
Vermiculite loose-fill	ASTM C516-80
insulation	(1996)e1. ASTM C549-81
Perlite loose-fill insulation.	(1995)e1.
Cellular glass insulation	ASTM C552-00.
block	7.0 TW 0002 00.
Perlite insulation board	ASTM C728-97.
Insulation-organic fiber:	
Cellulosic fiber insulating	ASTM C208-95.
board	
Cellulose loose-fill	ASTM C739-00.
insulation	
Cellulose wet-spray	ASTM C1149-97.
insulation	
Insulation-organic cellular:	A C.T.M. C.E.70, O.E.
Preformed block-type	ASTM C578-95.
polystyrene insulation Rigid preformed poly-	ASTM C591-00.
urethane insulation	ASTIVI 0391-00.
board	
Polyurethane or polyiso-	FS <sup>2</sup> HH-I-1972/1
cyanurate insulation	(1981).
board face with	,
aluminum foil on both	
sides	
Polyurethane or polyiso-	FS HH-I-1972/2
cyanurate insulation	(1981) and
board face with felt on	Amendment
both sides	1, October 3,
	1985).
Insulation–composite boards: Mineral fiber insulation	ASTM C726-00a.
board	ASTIVI C120-00a.
Perlite board	ASTM C728-97.
Gypsum board and poly-	FS HH-I-1972/4
urethane or poliso-	(1981).
cyanurate composite	( ).
board	

¹ ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

# THERMAL INSULATING MATERIALS FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS INCLUDING WALLS, FLOORS, CEILINGS, ATTICS, AND ROOFS—Continued [Standards for conformance]

Materials used as a patch to reduce infiltration through the building envelope

Commercially available.

#### THERMAL INSULATING MATERIALS FOR PIPES, DUCTS, AND EQUIPMENT SUCH AS BOILERS AND FURNACES

[Standards for conformance]

Insulation-mineral fiber:	A 0 T 1 1 0 5 4 7 0 0
Preformed pipe insulation .	ASTM¹ C547-00.
Blanket and felt insulation (industrial type)	ASTM C553-00.
Blanket insulation and	ASTM C592-00.
blanket type pipe	
insulation (metal-mesh	
covered, industrial type)	
Block and board insulation	ASTM C612-00.
Spray applied mineral fiber	ASTM C1014-
thermal and sound	99ae1.
absorbing insulation	
High-temperature fiber	ASTM C892-00.
blanket insulation	
Duct work insulation	ASTM C1290-00.
Insulation-mineral cellular:	
Calcium silicate block and	ASTM C533-95.
pipe insulation	
Cellular glass insulation	ASTM C552-00.
Expanded perlite block and	ASTM C610-99.
pipe insulation	
Insulation-organic cellular:	
Preformed flexible	ASTM C534-99.
elastomeric cellular	
insulation in sheet and	
tubular form	
Unfaced preformed rigid	ASTM C591-00.
cellular polyurethane	
insulation	
Insulation skirting	Commercially available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FS indicates Federal Specifications.

## FIRE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR INSULATING MATERIALS ACCORDING TO INSULATION USE

[Standards for conformance]

1.

Attic floor	Insulation materials intended for exposed use in attic floors shall be capable of meeting the same smoldering combustion requirements given for cellulose insulation in ASTM1 C739-00.
Enclosed space	Insulation materials intended for use within enclosed stud or joist spaces shall be capable of meeting the same smoldering combustion requirements given for cellulose insulation in ASTM C739-00.
Exposed interior walls and ceilings	Insulation materials, including those with combustible facings, which remain exposed and serve as wall or ceiling interior finish, shall have a flame spread classification not to exceed 150 (per ASTM E84-
Exterior envelope walls and roofs	O0a).  Exterior envelope walls and roofs containing thermal insulation shall meet applicable local government building code requirements for the complete wall or roof assembly.
Pipes, ducts, and equip- ment	Insulation materials intended for use on pipes, ducts, and equipment shall be capable of meeting a flame spread classification not to exceed 150 (per ASTM E84-00a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

## STORM WINDOWS [Standards for conformance]

Storm windows:
All storm windows . .

Aluminum frame storm windows Rigid vinyl frame storm windows Frameless plastic glazing storm AAMA/NWWDA<sup>1</sup> 101/I.S. 2-97. AAMA<sup>2</sup> 1002.10-93. ASTM<sup>3</sup> D4726-00.

Required minimum thickness for windows is 6 mil (0.006 inches). Commercially available.

Movable insulation systems for windows

AAMA/NWWDA indicates American Architectural Manufacturers Association/National Wood Window & Door Association (now the Window & Door Manufacturers Association).

- <sup>2</sup> AAMA indicates American Architectural Manufacturers Association.
- <sup>3</sup> ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

## REPLACEMENT WINDOWS [Standards for conformance]

Replacement windows: All windows . . . . . . .

Steel frame windows

AAMA/NWWDA<sup>1</sup> 101/I.S. 2-97. Steel Window Institute recommended

Rigid vinyl frame windows

specifications for steel windows, 1990. ASTM<sup>2</sup> D4726-00.

AAMA/NWWDA indicates American Architectural Manufacturers Association/National Wood Window & Door Association (now the Window & Door Manufacturers Association).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

#### STORM DOORS

[Standards for conformance]

Storm doors:
All storm (glass)
doors
Aluminum frame
storm doors
Sliding glass storm
doors

Rigid vinyl storm doors .

AAMA/NWWDA<sup>1</sup> 101/I.S. 2-97. AAMA<sup>2</sup> 1102.7-89.

AAMA 1002.10-93.

ASTM<sup>3</sup> D3678-97 and D4726-00..

Vestibules:

Materials to construct vestibules

Commercially available.

- <sup>2</sup> AAMA indicates American Architectural Manufacturers Association.
- <sup>3</sup> ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

## REPLACEMENT DOORS [Standards for conformance]

Replacement doors: AAMA/NWWDA1 All replacement doors 101/I.S. 2-97. Steel doors ..... ANSI<sup>2</sup> A250.8-98. Wood doors: ANSI/NWW DA3 I.S. 1-Flush doors . . . . 97 (Amendment, exterior door provisions). NWWDA4 I.S. 6-97. Stile and rail doors

- <sup>2</sup> ANSI indicates American National Standards Institute.
- <sup>3</sup> ANSI/NWWDA indicates American National Standards Institute/National Wood Window & Door Association (now the Window & Door Manufacturers Association).
- <sup>4</sup> NWWDA indicates National Wood Window & Door Association (now the Window & Door Manufacturers Association).

## CAULKS AND SEALANTS [Standards for conformance]

Caulks and sealants: ASTM1 C669-00. Glazing compounds for metal sash Oil and resin base ASTM C570-00. caulks Acrylic (solvent types) ASTM C920-98e1. sealants Butyl rubber sealants FS<sup>2</sup> Commercial Item Description A-A-272 (6/7/95). ASTM C920-98e1. Chlorosulfon ated polyethylene sealants Latex sealing com-ASTM C834-00e1. pounds Elastomeric joint ASTM C920-98e1. sealants (normally considered to include polysulfide, polyurethane, and silicone) Preformed gaskets ASTM C509-00. and sealing materials

Edition, 1995.

ASTM indicates American Society for Lesting and Materials.

UL3 181A-M, Second

Edition, 1994 and

UL 181B-M, First

<sup>2</sup> FS indicates Federal Specifications.

Duct sealing mastic

<sup>3</sup> UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AAMA/NWWDA indicates American Architectural Manufacturers Association/National Wood Window & Door Association (now the Window & Door Manufacturers Association).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AAMA/NWWDA indicates American Architectural Manufacturers Association/National Wood Window & Door Association (now the Window & Door Manufacturers Association).

## WEATHERSTRIPPING [Standards for conformance]

desiccant method described in ASTM E96-00. Items to improve attic ventilation  desiccant method described in ASTM Commercially available.
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

## HEAT EXCHANGERS [Standards for conformance]

Heat exchangers, waterto-water and steam-towater ASME¹ Boiler and
Pressure Vessel
Code, 1998, Sections II, V, VIII, IX,
and X, as applicable
to pressure vessels.
Standards of Tubular
Exchanger Manufacturers Association, Eighth Edition,
1999.

Heat exchangers with gas-fired appliances<sup>2</sup>

ANSI/UL<sup>3</sup> 462, Ninth Edition, approved by ANSI February 28, 1997.

## BOILER/FURNACE CONTROL SYSTEMS [Standards for conformance]

Automatic set back thermostats	Listed by UL <sup>1</sup> . Con- formance to NEMA <sup>2</sup> DC3-1989 (R1996).
Line voltage or low	Listed by UL. Con-
voltage room	formance to NEMA
thermostats	DC3-1989 (R1996).
Clock thermostats	Listed by UL. Con-
	formance to NEMA
	DC3-1989 (R1996).
Automatic gas ignition	ANSI <sup>3</sup> Z21.21-2000.
systems	AGA⁴ Laboratories
·	Certification Seal.
Energy management	Listed by UL.
systems	•
Hydronic boiler controls	Listed by UL.
Other burner controls	Listed by UL.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ASME indicates American Society for Mechanical Engineers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The heat reclaimer is for installation in a section of the vent connector from appliances equipped with draft hoods or appliances equipped with powered burners or induced draft and not equipped with a draft hood.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ANSI/UL indicates American National Standards Institute/Underwriters Laboratories.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  NEMA indicates National Electrical Manufacturers Association.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ANSI indicates American National Standards Institute.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> AGA indicates American Gas Association.

#### WATER HEATER MODIFICATIONS [Standards for conformance]

Insulate tank and distribution piping Install heat traps on inlet and outlet piping Install/replace water heater heating elements Electric, freezeprevention tape for pipes Install stack damper, gas-fueled

Install stack damper, oilfueled

Install water flow modifiers

(See insulation section of this appendix) Applicable local plumbing code. Listed by UL1.

Listed by UL.

ANSI<sup>2</sup> Z21.66-1996, including Exhibits A & B, and ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA3 54-1999).

UL 17, Third Edition, 1994, NFPA 31-2001, NFPA 211-2000 (same as ANSI A52.1), and ANSI/ NFPA 70-1999 (same as IEEE4 National Electrical Code).

Commercially available.

- UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.
- <sup>2</sup> ANSI indicates American National Standards Institute.
- <sup>3</sup> NFPA indicates National Fire Prevention Association.
- <sup>4</sup> IEEE indicates Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.

#### REPLACEMENT WATER HEATERS [Standards for conformance]

Electric (resistance) water heaters Heat pump water heaters

174. 1995. Electrical components to be

Gas water heaters: Rated ≤75 kBtu/hr . .

Rated ≥75 kBtu/hr . . Oil water heaters ..... 10 CFR1 430 and UL3 UL 1995. Second Edition.

10 CFR 430 and ANSI4 Z21.10.1-1998.

listed by UL.

ANSI Z21.10.3-1998. UL 732, Fifth Edition, 1995.

- CFR indicates Code of Federal Regulations.
- <sup>2</sup> UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.
- <sup>3</sup> ANSI indicates American National Standards Institute.

#### SOLAR WATER HEATING SYSTEMS [Standards for conformance]

Solar water heating systems including forced circulation, integral collector storage, thermosyphon, and selfpumping systems

System must be certified per SRCC<sup>1</sup> OG 300, July 16, 1998.

SRCC indicates Solar Rating and Certification Corporation.

#### WASTE HEAT RECOVERY DEVICES [Standards for conformance]

Desuperheater/water heaters

Condensing heat exchangers

ARI1 470-1995 and UL 1995, Second Edition, 1995.

Commercially available components installed per manufacturers' specifications. NFPA<sup>2</sup> 211-2000 (same as ANSI A52.1) may apply in certain instances. See also the Heat Exchangers section of this appendix.

Heat pump water heating heat recovery systems

Energy recovery equipment

UL 1995, Second Edition, 1995. Electrical components to be listed by UL.

**Energy Systems Analysis** and Management, 1997 (SMACNA3).

- ARI indicates Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute.
- <sup>2</sup> NFPA indicates National Fire Prevention Association.
- <sup>3</sup> SMACNA denotes Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association.

**BOILER REPAIR AND** 

Install gas conversation burners	ANSI <sup>1</sup> Z21.8-1994 (for gas- or oil-fired systems), ANSI Z21.17-1998, and ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA 54- 1999). AGA <sup>2</sup> Laboratories Certification Seal.
Replace oil burner	UL <sup>3</sup> 296, Ninth Edition, 1994 and NFPA 31- 2001.
Install burners (oil/gas)	ANSI Z223.1-1999 for gas equipment and NFPA <sup>4</sup> 31-2001 for oil equipment.
Re-adjust boiler water temperature or install automatic boiler temperature reset control	ASME <sup>5</sup> CSD-1-1998, ANSI Z223.1-1999, and NFPA 31-2001.
Replace/modify boilers	ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, 1998, Section II, IV, V, VI, VIII, IX, and X. Boilers must be Hydronics Institute Division of GAMA equipment.
Clean heat exchanger, adjust burner air shutter(s), check smoke no. on oil- fueled equipment. Check operation of pump(s) and	Per manufacturers' instructions.
replacement filters. Replace combustion chambers	Refractory linings may be required for conversions.

## BOILER REPAIR AND MODIFICATIONS/EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS—Continued

#### [Standards for conformance]

Replace heat ex-	Protection from flame
changers, tubes	contact with
	conversion burners
	by refractory shield.
Install/replace thermo-	Commercially available.
static radiator valves	One-pipe steam
	systems require air
	vents on each
	radiator; see
	manufacturers'
	requirements.
Install boiler duty cycle	Commercially available.
control system	ANSI/NFPA 70-1999
	(same as IEEE
	National Electrical
	Code) and local
	electrical code
	provisions for wiring.

- ANSI indicates American National Standards Institute.
- <sup>2</sup> AGA indicates American Gas Association.
- <sup>3</sup> UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.
- <sup>4</sup> NFPA indicates National Fire Prevention Association.
- <sup>5</sup> ASME indicates American Society for Mechanical Engineers.

## HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEM REPAIRS AND TUNE-UPS/EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS [Standards for conformance]

Install duct insulation ... Reduce Input of burner; derate gas-fueled equipment Repair/replace oil-fired equipment Replace combustion chamber in oil-fired furnaces or boilers Clean heat exchanger and adjust burner; adjust air shutter and check CO<sub>2</sub> and stack temperature. Clean or replace air filter on forced air furnace Install vent dampers for gas-fueled heating systems

Install vent dampers for oil-fueled heating systems ASTM<sup>1</sup> C612-00 (see insulation sections of this appendix).

Local utility company and procedures if applicable for gasfueled furnaces and ANSI<sup>2</sup> Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA<sup>3</sup> 54-1999) including Appendix H. NFPA 31-2001.

NFPA 31-2001.

ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA 54-1999) including Appendix H.

Applicable sections of ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA 54-1999) including Appendix H, I, J, and K. ANSI Z21.66-1996 and Exhibits A&B for electrically operated dampers. Applicable sections of

Applicable sections of NFPA 31-2001 for installation and in conformance with UL<sup>4</sup> 17, Third Edition, 1994.

# HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEM REPAIRS AND TUNE-UPS/EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS—Continued [Standards for conformance]

Reduce excess combustion air:

A: Reduce vent connector size of gas-fueled appliances

B: Adjust barometric draft regulator for oil fuels

Replace constant
burning pilot with
electric ignition
device on gas-fueled
furnaces or boilers
Readjust fan switch on

Readjust fan switch on forced air gas-or oilfueled furnaces

Replace burners . . . . .

Install/replace duct furnaces (gas)

Install/replace heat pumps

Replace air diffusers, intakes, registers, and grilles Install/replace warm air heating metal ducts ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA 54-1999) part 9 and Appendices G & H.

NFPA 31-2001 and per furnace and boiler manufacturers' instructions. ANSI Z21.71-1993.

Applicable sections and Appendix H of ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA 54-1999) for gas furnaces and NFPA 31-2001 for oil furnaces.

See install burners (oil/gas).

ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA 54-1999).

ARI<sup>5</sup> 210/240-1994. UL 1995, Second Edition, 1995. Commercially available.

UL 181, Ninth Edition 1996, including UL 181A, Second Edition 1994 and 181B, First Edition, 1995.

Filter alarm units . . . . . .

Commercially available.

- <sup>2</sup> ANSI indicates American National Standards Institute.
- <sup>3</sup> NFPA indicates National Fire Prevention Association.
- <sup>4</sup> UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.
- <sup>5</sup> ARI indicates Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute.

ASTM indicates American Society for Testing and Materials.

## REPLACEMENT FURNACES, BOILERS, AND WOOD STOVES

#### [Standards for conformance]

Chimneys, fireplaces, vents and solid fuel burning appliances	NFPA <sup>1</sup> 211-2000 (same as ANSI <sup>2</sup> A52.1).
Gas-fired furnaces	ANSI Z21.47-1998 and ANSI Z223.1-1999 (same as NFPA 54- 1999).
Oil-fired furnaces	UL <sup>3</sup> 727, Eighth Edition, 1994 and NFPA 31- 2001.
Liquefied petroleum gas storage	NFPA 58-2001.
Ventilation fans: Including electric attic, ceiling, and whole-house fans	UL 507, Ninth Edition, 1999.

- <sup>1</sup> NFPA indicates National Fire Prevention Association.
- <sup>2</sup> ANSI indicates American National Standards Institute.
- <sup>3</sup> UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.

## AIR CONDITIONERS AND COOLING EQUIPMENT [Standards for conformance]

Air conditioners:
Central air conditioners
Room size units . . . . .

ARI<sup>1</sup> 210/240-1994. ANSI/AHAM<sup>2</sup> RAC 1-1992.

Other cooling equipment: Including evaporative coolers, heat pumps, and other equipment

UL<sup>3</sup> 1995, Second Edition, 1995.

## SCREENS, WINDOW FILMS, AND REFLECTIVE MATERIALS

#### [Standards for conformance]

Commercially available. Insect screens ..... Window films ..... Commercially available. Shade screens: Commercially available. Fiberglass shade screens Polyester shade Commercially available. screens Rigid awnings: Wood rigid awnings Commercially available. Metal rigid awnings . Commercially available. Louver systems: Wood louver awnings Commercially available. Metal louver awnings Commercially available. Commercially available. Industrial-grade white paint used as a heatreflective measure on roofs, awnings, window louvers, doors, and exterior duct work (exposed)

## REFRIGERATORS [Standards for conformance]

Refrigerator/freezers (does not include freezer-only units)

UL<sup>1</sup> 250. Replaced units must be disposed of properly per Clean Air Act 1990, Section 608, as amended by 40 CFR<sup>2</sup> 82, May 14, 1993.

## FLUORESCENT LAMPS AND FIXTURES [Standards for conformance]

Compact fluorescent lamps

ANSI/UL<sup>1</sup> 542, Seventh Edition, February 6,

1995.

Fluorescent lighting

Edition, February 6, 1997 and UL 1993, First Edition, 1993. UL 1570, Fourth Edition,

fixtures

ANSI/UL indicates American National Standards Institute/Underwriters Laboratories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ARI indicates Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ANSI/AHAM indicates American National Standards Institute/Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.

UL indicates Underwriters Laboratories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> CFR indicates Code of Federal Regulations.