

State Name:	Iowa	OMB Control Number: 0938	-114
Transmittal	Number: <u>IA</u> - <u>23</u> - <u>0026</u>		
Cost Shar	ring Limitations		G3
42 CFR 447 1916 1916A	.56		
	e administers cost sharing in accordance with the limita b) of the Social Security Act, as follows:	ations described at 42 CFR 447.56, and 1916(a)(2) and (j) and	
Exemptions			
Groups	of Individuals - Mandatory Exemptions		
The	state may not impose cost sharing upon the following	groups of individuals:	
■	Individuals ages 1 and older, and under age 18 eligibl CFR 435.118).	e under the Infants and Children under Age 18 eligibility group (42)	2
■	Infants under age 1 eligible under the Infants and Chidoes not exceed the <u>higher</u> of:	ldren under Age 18 eligibility group (42 CFR 435.118), whose inco	ome
	■ 133% FPL; and		
	If applicable, the percent FPL described in section	n 1902(l)(2)(A)(iv) of the Act, up to 185 percent.	
	Disabled or blind individuals under age 18 eligible fo	r the following eligibility groups:	
	SSI Beneficiaries (42 CFR 435.120).		
	Blind and Disabled Individuals in 209(b) States (42 CFR 435.121).	
	■ Individuals Receiving Mandatory State Supplement	ents (42 CFR 435.130).	
•	Children for whom child welfare services are made as in foster care and individuals receiving benefits under	vailable under Part B of title IV of the Act on the basis of being a c Part E of that title, without regard to age.	hild
•	Disabled children eligible for Medicaid under the Fan Act).	nily Opportunity Act (1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XIX) and 1902(cc) of the	;
•		postpartum period which begins on the last day of pregnancy and day period following termination of pregnancy ends, except for coregnancy-related.	ost
■	Any individual whose medical assistance for services income other than required for personal needs.	furnished in an institution is reduced by amounts reflecting available	ole
	An individual receiving hospice care, as defined in se	ction 1905(o) of the Act.	
•	Indians who are <u>currently receiving or have ever receit</u> through referral under contract health services.	ived an item or service furnished by an Indian health care provider	or
	Individuals who are receiving Medicaid because of th Treatment for Breast or Cervical Cancer eligibility gr	e state's election to extend coverage to the Certain Individuals Nee oup (42 CFR 435.213).	ding



Groups of Individuals - Optional Exemptions				
The state may elect to exempt the following groups of individuals from cost sharing:				
The state elects to exempt individuals under age 19, 20 or 21, or any reasonable category of individuals 18 years of age or over.				
Indicate below the age of the exemption:				
Under age 19				
Under age 20				
• Under age 21				
Other reasonable category				
The state elects to exempt individuals whose medical assistance for services furnished in a home and community-based setting is reduced by amounts reflecting available income other than required for personal needs.				
Services - Mandatory Exemptions				
The state may not impose cost sharing for the following services:				
■ Emergency services as defined at section 1932(b)(2) of the Act and 42 CFR 438.114(a).				
Family planning services and supplies described in section 1905(a)(4)(C) of the Act, including contraceptives and pharmaceuticals for which the state claims or could claim federal match at the enhanced rate under section 1903(a)(5) of the Act for family planning services and supplies.				
Preventive services, at a minimum the services specified at 42 CFR 457.520, provided to children under 18 years of age regardless of family income, which reflect the well-baby and well child care and immunizations in the Bright Futures guidelines issued by the American Academy of Pediatrics.				
Pregnancy-related services, including those defined at 42 CFR 440.210(a)(2) and 440.250(p), and counseling and drugs for cessation of tobacco use. All services provided to pregnant women will be considered pregnancy-related, except those services specificially identified in the state plan as not being related to pregnancy.				
Provider-preventable services as defined in 42 CFR 447.26(b).				
Enforceability of Exemptions				
The procedures for implementing and enforcing the exemptions from cost sharing contained in 42 CFR 447.56 are (check all that apply):				
To identify that American Indians/Alaskan Natives (AI/AN) are currently receiving or have ever received an item or service furnished by an Indian health care provider or through referral under contract health services in accordance with 42 CFR 447.56(a)(1)(x), the state uses the following procedures:				
The state accepts self-attestation				
The state runs periodic claims reviews				
The state obtains an Active or Previous User Letter or other Indian Health Services (IHS) document				
The Eligibility and Enrollment and MMIS systems flag exempt recipients				



	Description:
	If an applicant answers yes to the following question on the single streamlined application, cost-sharing is waived: "Has this person ever gotten a service from the Indian Health Service, a tribal health program, or urban Indian health program, or through a referral from one of these programs?"
	Additionally, the following procedures are in place to identify the AI/AN exemption: • Information collected within the Eligibility & Enrollment (E&E) system, based on what the applicant indicates on the single streamlined application. • Information is passed to post-E&E systems, which are the Title XIX (TXIX) and Medicaid Management Information
	System (MMIS) systems; > TXIX – Receives eligibility information from E&E systems and generates eligibility files that are passed to MMIS.
	> MMIS – Eligibility information is updated into the Recipient data of the MMIS, which enables the MMIS to so flag.
	• MMIS then uses this internally for setting the appropriate flags to insure that an applicant's cost-sharing is waived when appropriate under these circumstances involving AI/AN.
	 This information is made available to providers, via ELVS and the online electronic eligibility (HIPAA-compliant portal. For members enrolled in an MCO, the member eligibility information is passed to the MCOs from the MMIS.
	To memoria among a managarang man
Add	ditional description of procedures used is provided below (optional):
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be triggered differently, related to each exemption. For instance, for exemptions related to receipt of family planning services, an "FP" indicator is used, which identifies the service as being exempt from cost-sharing because it involves FP services. In cases of copays not being charged for children under 21 years of age, the "flag" would be tied to system logic



which calculates the member's age by the birthdate on file for that member.
yments to Providers
✓ The state reduces the payment it makes to a provider by the amount of a beneficiary's cost sharing obligation, regardless of whether the provider has collected the payment or waived the cost sharing, except as provided under 42 CFR 447.56(c).
syments to Managed Care Organizations
The state contracts with one or more managed care organizations to deliver services under Medicaid. Yes
▼ The state calculates its payments to managed care organizations to include cost sharing established under the state plan for beneficiaries not exempt from cost sharing, regardless of whether the organization imposes the cost sharing on its recipient members or the cost sharing is collected.
ggregate Limits
Medicaid premiums and cost sharing incurred by all individuals in the Medicaid household do not exceed an aggregate limit of 5 percent of the family's income applied on a quarterly or monthly basis.
The percentage of family income used for the aggregate limit is:
● 5%
$^{4\%}$
\bigcirc 3%
\bigcirc ^{2%}
\bigcirc $^{1\%}$
Other: %
The state calculates family income for the purpose of the aggregate limit on the following basis:
Quarterly
Monthly
The state has a process to track each family's incurred premiums and cost sharing through a mechanism that does not rely on beneficiary documentation.
Describe the mechanism by which the state tracks each family's incurred premiums and cost sharing (check all that apply):
As claims are submitted for dates of services within the family's current monthly or quarterly cap period, the state applies the incurred cost sharing for that service to the family's aggregate limit. Once the family reaches the aggregate limit, based on incurred cost sharing and any applicable premiums, the state notifies the family and providers that the family has reached their aggregate limit for the current monthly or quarterly cap period, and are no longer subject to premiums or cost sharing.
Managed care organization(s) track each family's incurred cost sharing, as follows:
The eligibility system calculates the 5% cost sharing limit based on household size and income. This is then sent



via a daily file to the MMIS which transmits the data to the MCOs. MCOs send daily files to the MMIS identifying all copayments applied. The MMIS then tracks and accumulates cost sharing totals, inclusive of premiums and copayments. If the 5% limit is reached, notification is sent to the enrollee informing them the sharing limit has been met and no additional cost sharing will be applied. This is sent by the MCO for man care enrollees and MMIS for fee-for-service (FFS). The MCO then updates claims processing for the remainded of the month to ensure the copayment is not deducted. The MMIS completes the same for FFS claims.	ne cost
Other process:	
Describe how the state informs beneficiaries and providers of the beneficiaries' aggregate family limit and notific beneficiaries and providers when a beneficiary has incurred premiums and cost sharing up to the aggregate family and individual family members are no longer subject to premiums or cost sharing for the remainder of the family current monthly or quarterly cap period:	ly limit
Once the aggregate family limit has been met, the MCO (for managed care) or MMIS (for FFS) sends notice to beneficiary that the limit has been met and cost sharing will not apply for the remainder of the month. Provides informed through the eligibility verification systems.	
The state has a documented appeals process for families that believe they have incurred premiums or cost sharing over the aggregate limit for the current monthly or quarterly cap period.	Yes
Describe the appeals process used:	
MCOs are contractually required to operate a grievance and appeal process. Managed care enrollees have the opport o appeal to their MCO and if dissatisfied with the outcome of the MCO appeal process can file an appeal with the through the State Fair Hearing process.	
Individuals enrolled in fee-for-service can file an appeal directly with the State through the State Fair Hearing process.	ess.
Describe the process used to reimburse beneficiaries and/or providers if the family is identified as paying over the against for the month/quarter:	gregate
For managed care enrollees, MCOs reimburse beneficiaries and adjust claims to providers in the event a family is identified as paying over the aggregate limit. The State reviews and approves the MCO's methodologies for complication of the fee-for-service, beneficiaries may bring receipts to the Medicaid agency to demonstrate that they have paid a sharing in excess of the aggregate limit for the month. The Medicaid agency will review the receipts and reimburse beneficiaries for any amount above the aggregate limit.	cost-
Describe the process for beneficiaries to request a reassessment of their family aggregate limit if they have a change circumstances or if they are being terminated for failure to pay a premium:	in
At any time, beneficiaries may notify the Medicaid agency of a change in their income or other circumstance that change their aggregate cost-sharing limit. Once a beneficiary notifies the Medicaid agency of such change, the Medicaid agency will review the updated information and change the aggregate limits, if necessary.	
The state imposes additional aggregate limits, consistent with 42 CFR 447.56(f)(5).	No



PRA Disclosure Statement

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